Problems

1. A Turing machine with a doubly infinite tape is similar to an ordinary Turing machines, but its tape is infinite to the left as well as to the right. The tape is initially filled with blanks except for the portion that contains the input. Computation is defined as usual except that the head never encounters an end to the tape as it moves leftward. Show that this type of Turing machine recognizes exactly the class of Turing-recognizable languages.

2. Show that the collection of decidable languages is closed under complementation.

3. Let $A = \{(R, S) | R$ and $S$ are regular expressions and $L(R) \subseteq L(S)\}$. Show that $A$ is decidable. (Hint: regular languages are closed under complementation, intersection, and union).