

Prolog Lab Worksheet #2

Use the Prolog system installed on your VM and write the following programs:

- (1) Define a predicate `max/3` that takes two numbers as its first two arguments and unifies the last argument with the maximum of the two.
- (2) Define a predicate `maxlist/2` that takes a list of numbers as its first argument and unifies the second argument with the maximum number in the list. The predicate should fail if the list is empty.
- (3) Define a predicate `ordered/1` that takes a list of numbers as its argument and succeeds if and only if the list is in non-decreasing order.
- (4) Define the predicate `member/2` that takes list as its first argument and a term as its second argument. The predicate is to return true if the term is in the list otherwise it is to return false.

Hint: the usual relational operators are supported in Prolog as predicates. For example,

```
bigger(X,Y) :- X >= Y.
```