## Sample SQL Queries

1) Retrieve the address and last order date of the customer named Karen Smith.

SELECT ADDRESS, LAST\_ORDER\_DATE

FROM CUSTOMER

WHERE NAME = 'KAREN SMITH'

2) Retrieve the name and price of all toys made by Fischer-Price.

SELECT NAME, MSRP

FROM TOY, MANUFACTURER

WHERE MAN\_NAME = 'FISCHER PRICE' AND

TOY.MAN\_ID=MANUFACTURER.MAN\_ID

3) For every undelivered order, list the toy name, the manufacturer name and the customer name

SELECT TOY.NAME, MAN\_NAME, CUSTOMER.NAME FROM ORDER, TOY, MANUFACTURER, CUSTOMER

WHERE DELIV IS NULL AND

ORDER.CUST\_NUM = CUSTOMER.CUST\_NUM AND

ORDER.TOY\_NUM = TOY.TOY\_NUM AND TOY.MAN\_ID = MANUFACTURER.MAN\_ID

4) Retrieve the name of every toy in the toy relation.

SELECT NAME FROM TOY

5) Retrieve the name of every toy and the name of every manufacturer.

SELECT NAME, MAN\_NAME FROM TOY, MANUFACTURER

6) Retrieve all attributes of the TOY relation for which the manufacturer is FP

SELECT \*
FROM TOY

WHERE  $MAN_ID = 'FP'$ 

7) List the prices of all toys in the TOY relation.

SELECT MSRP FROM TOY SELECT DISTINCT MSRP

FROM TOY

8) (Using the Company db from the textbook - because our example does not have recursion)

Make a list of all project names for projects that involve an employee whose last name is SMITH as a worker or as a manager of the dept that controls the project.

(SELECT PNAME

FROM EMPLOYEE, WORKS\_ON, PROJECT WHERE LNAME=SMITH AND SSN=ESSN AND

PNO=PNUMBER)

UNION

(SELECT PNAME

FROM EMPLOYEE, DEPARTMENT, PROJECT WHERE LNAME=SMITH AND SSN=MGRSSN AND

DNUMBER=DNUM)

9) Reformulate the above query as a nested query

SELECT DISTINCT PNUMBER

FROM PROJECT

WHERE PNUMBER IN (SELECT PNUMBER

FROM PROJECT, DEPARTMENT,

**EMPLOYEE** 

WHERE DNUM=DNUMBER AND

MGRSSN=SSN AND LNAME=SMITH)

OR

PNUMBER IN (SELECT PNO

FROM WORKS\_ON, EMPLOYEE

WHERE ESSN=SSN AND LNAME=SMITH)

10) Select the toy numbers of all toys that have the same price and age group as the Farm House.

SELECT DISTINCT TOY\_NUM

FROM TOY

WHERE (MSRP, AGE GROUP) IN (SELECT MSRP, AGE GROUP

FROM TOY

WHERE NAME = FARM HOUSE)

11) Select the toy names of all toys that cost more than the Farm House.

SELECT NAME FROM TOY

WHERE MSRP > ALL (SELECT MSRP

FROM TOY

WHERE NAME=FARM HOUSE)

12) (from Company db) Retrieve the name of each employee who has a dependent with the same first name and sex as the employee.

SELECT E.FNAME, E.LNAME

FROM EMPLOYEE E

WHERE E.SSN IN (SELECT ESSN

FROM DEPENDENT
WHERE ESSN=E.SSN AND
E.FNAME=DEPENDENT\_NAME
AND SEX=E.SEX)

13) Query 12 can be rewritten using the EXISTS clause

SELECT E.FNAME, E.LNAME

FROM EMPLOYEE E

WHERE EXISTS (SELECT

FROM DEPENDENT

WHERE E.SSN=ESSN AND SEX=E.SEX

**AND** 

E.FNAME=DEPENDENT\_NAME)

14) List the names of customers who have no outstanding orders.

SELECT NAME

FROM CUSTOMER C

WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT

FROM ORDER

WHERE

C.CUST\_NUM=ORDER.CUST\_NUM
AND DELIV IS NULL)

15) Retrieve the names of all toys manufactured by FP or FY.

SELECT TOY\_NAME

FROM TOY

WHERE MAN\_ID IN (FP, FY)

- can explicitly specify a set of values using an IN clause.

16) Retrieve the names of customers who have never ordered a toy from the catalog.

SELECT NAME

FROM CUSTOMER

WHERE LAST\_ORDER\_DATE IS NULL

17) Retrieve the toy names and the customer names for every outstanding order for toys whose names fall in the first half of the alphabet .

SELECT T.NAME AS TOY\_NAME, C.NAME AS CUSTOMER\_NAME

FROM CUSTOMER AS C, TOY AS T, ORDER AS O

WHERE (C.CUST\_NUM=O.CUST\_NUM) AND (DELIV IS NULL)

AND (T.TOY\_NUM=ORDER.TOY\_NUM) AND

 $(TOY_NAME < 'N')$ 

18) Retrieve the toy number of every toy ordered by KAREN SMITH.

SELECT TOY\_NUM

FROM (ORDER JOIN CUSTOMER ON

ORDER.CUST\_NUM=CUSTOMER.CUST\_NUM)

WHERE NAME='KAREN SMITH'

19) Find the average price of all toys in the TOY relation.

SELECT AVG(MSRP)

FROM TOY

- built-in aggregate functions SUM, MAX, MIN, AVG, COUNT
- 20) Find the total number of toys orderd by and the total amount of money spent by customer GEORGE GRANT.

SELECT SUM(MSRP\*QUANTITY), SUM(QUANTITY) FROM TOY AS T, CUSTOMER AS C, ORDER AS O

WHERE O.TOY\_NUM=T.TOY\_NUM AND

O.CUST\_NUM=C.CUST\_NUM AND

C.NAME='GEORGE GRANT'

21) Find the total number of toys order by and the total amount of money spent by each customer.

SELECT CUST\_NUM, SUM(MSRP\*QUANTITY), SUM(QUANTITY)

FROM TOY AS T, ORDER AS O WHERE O.TOY\_NUM=T.TOY\_NUM

GROUP BY CUST\_NUM

22) Find the total number of toys order by and the total amount of money spent by each customer who made at least three orders.

SELECT CUST\_NUM, SUM(MSRP\*QUANTITY), SUM(QUANTITY)

FROM TOY AS T, ORDER AS O WHERE O.TOY\_NUM=T.TOY\_NUM

GROUP BY  $CUST_NUM$  HAVING COUNT(\*) > 3

- HAVING clause allows you to put a condition on the groups that end up in the result

23) Retrieve all customers who live in New York state.

SELECT NAME FROM CUSTOMER

WHERE ADDRESS LIKE '%NY%

24) Show the new prices if Fischer Price raised their MSRPs by 10%.

SELECT NAME, 1.1\*MSRP

FROM TOY

WHERE MAN\_ID=FP

25) Retrieve all toys with fewer than 50 in inventory sorted by manufacturer and by price within each manufacturer.

SELECT MAN\_ID, NAME, MSRP

FROM TOY

WHERE NUM\_IN\_STOCK<50 ORDER BY MAN\_ID, MSRP